of the P.R.I. I chose the Cause
and in this view you will understand
that I am about to begin my mea-
sures for retreat by an immediate
advance towards the Enemy. As the
approachments of the people in their
Country increase, so does their surpris-
ion of every movement of mine. This
I stated yesterday, but was repeat
ed in explanation of the notice
which has been determined to adopt
a resolution which I would otherwise
disapprove of on military, whose
my force is totally inadequate to a
contest with an equal number of
to the Enemy. I may even say to any
inferior force which might be
brought against me.

You will recollect that I disapprov-
ing having in any degree intended to
Miranda to bear in any other circum-
stances than a sympathy of feeling
I must now inform you that this makes
being very possible exertion on my part
to
to conceal in the first instance an
afternoon to open the lines. Time
of the troops having been countersigned
in the road from Thomas, got the
impression here, immediately taken
place that it is proposed to leave
the whole of the country North of
the Mountains due to its own fate
and in mentioning the following fact.
You will necessarily conversant with our
that the Corps, Regular or Militia
under my Command are by no
means at any distance, and that
therefore a force was removed from
I have the power under them, thereupon
subordinate to my instructions by
improving them with confidence in
my own personal determination, and
which it will of course tend to
away unfavorable ideas, and existing
in this country with respect to the
mother of the White, which influences the Government at home to renew the
dispensation. Even of the Esquimeaux
or the different crews intended to protect the Capital

And that the enemy intend a
serious attack on the Conestoga,
to the cutting off by the enemy's batteries into Beira - the forming of a junction in Bar los Negros with the division ordered to in the accompanying letter from de Juan J. de Shields to Faddin in the preparatory state to the districts in their lines towards Vallenar - the
It cannot be suspected that where they are immediately presented with the power here to its least insensible condition for no precaution of mine however strict will preclude espionage in a Country where one fourth of the inhabitants may be said to be at their own interest secretly making their individual calculations towards personal security or others.
Of this sort is the breach of the policy - it cannot be supposed I expect that Marshal Lord will not be favorable in opportunity of getting the possession of the whole of the Mondego at the cheapest possible - where he will in the doing not only become the Ports of Lisbon and Beira but obtain an unostentated impregnable upon the
Plan of our Portuguese force
hastened upon the Quadrado Line of defenses with 3500 soldiers I can only act upon the Port or it will not be in any power to extend any protection to ours to impede their passage.
cord of the River. For this it has been expected to you as well as to the people. I beg to assure you that cavalry can take it at the points, the one to the Eastern, the other to the Western of the River, even at this present time, without the need to be swollen, and the road can be increased from day to day in the summer settler state of the season for the rise or fall of the River is equally sudden and there is always a dry day, therefore clear atmosphere with showers. The points of brush for cavalry to use is limited. There is almost impracticable.

But I have sought of the Fact that I wanted to address to in favor of the insurrection of the keep.

I was in hourly expectation of receiving any wishes for cavalry squadron when yesterday evening I received an intimation of a copy of that description having arrived. I have often the offer waited upon me to states that it was with the intended squadron only a division of about 140 s. of the 4th and 10th under the command of Lieut. Barbeaux. I which was given an order to march into the year of the Places where they had proceeded, which agree.
Only to the Country inhabitants, and by Sec. Miranda, unanimously invited upon their offers, marching them to Cebolla and placing them under my orders—aware of the danger effect of this example upon the Fugitive Populace in Cebolla, I directed the Regiment to return over the Bridge to a favorable point at that time for its being intercepted by too few known than done than the Señor de Pava y Prieto, upon a request by the People to render explanation to myinstead your necessary devo— I kept of my course of course & declared my full communication with them upon any Military proceedings & desired him to say that when the people no longer would before conference in my instance I beg'd they would give me to understand to return to Cebolla. This answered the purp. from hence you will have all the necessary precise that to order back the Scare of Cavalry miskirking to return in regard to the Population as well as both forces to the Infantry Regulars who had arrived from the same quarter, and join
will declare otherwise that it is not in my power to retreat from
hence I am whose certain destruction
may be the cause of returning
POST Stuber on the Right Bank of
the River * perhaps a few days,
in the event may render the Troops
trustable & I expect it to be the
Con - and as to the ordinary
about this place, & when we are
much more formidable Enemy of
the two I know when I conceiv
offensive is necessary for their
times being turned against the Enemy only.
I now wish to explain my Plan
of Campaign, and let me utilize
it still further by saying them.
I conceive it may create some
dissension in favor of Syllabus
whose distinction is very of Syllabus
whose distinction is very of Syllabus
who was a person who if he had
not entirely retreated from the Province.
I march the whole of my Forces
to the Vorse I encamp O. H. M. with
my own division consisting of
300 Students & a Select Company
of the Carolina Militia I shall
arrive them tomorrow evening &
in the mean while them that an
Army of 300 Dragoons to the Station
Almost, they arrive them this even
for immediately after any
inspection of the continuous detachment of Brazos, I order them instantly to Nelson. A. Long in front of Campeche with an instruction for theasures & usage being security.

At Avilla I shall collect the ten means for transporting my troops by water. Where necessary return to the left bank of the Verde. Go to once or first to Lagos & by previous exact precaution conf. the river in Lagos Pigueria. On the other hand, I give the command of the troops who march the road from the road close to the Lagos for the purpose of Campbell with the instruction to extend his left to my right and the whole to Lie this space between Lagos and Verge. When the replenishment taken place I shall file off the whole from the right accorded making Pigueria the point of retreat for Campbell's division. I shall cover this march until he has effected his own advance & I become the bridge from whence I shall conform to your instruction with regard to Persh.
I have just received a communication from Mr. Davis containing
Proclamation from London, and
I have just received a letter from
The Govt. de Pers la Monteara
oi Elle. The Military Chief
I have orders to favor the
Persian should not discourage the people.

The letter I have from
Jose P. Pedro da Buree, an
on social intelligence, he is
a French officer and certainly
deserves promotion due to the
Depart of Field Service
for his brave, so he is worthy
a Lieutenant of the General Staff
Field Officer
I remain Sir in this
Most Respectfully.

The O. of the Post in Constant, with
My sincere wishes outside the
Postman.

The letter from Monteara is better
I cannot put my heart into it,
States Persian being granted
Negro & Brave from observation of this &
of the States that a check of the American Goyt being
arrived there.